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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
08/892,836	07/15/1997	MARCUS R. SKEEM	F-3278	7305	
75	590 05/20/2003				
MARY E PORTER NORTON COMPANY 1 NEW BOND STREET BOX NUMBER 15138 WORCESTER, MA 016150138			EXAMINER NGUYEN, GEORGE BINH MINH		
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OT AVAIL	ARI F COPY		DATE MAILED: 05/20/2003	00	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		08/892,836	SKEEM ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		George Nguyen	3723					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the	correspond nce addres	SS				
THE N - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION usions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re- period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu- eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	imely filed ays will be considered timely. the mailing date of this commu	unication.				
1) 🗌	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·						
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-final.						
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims			•				
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application	on.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>2 and 27</u> is/are with	drawn from consideration.						
5)⊠	Claim(s) 28,29 and 34 is/are allowed.							
6)	6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1,5-9,11-26 and 30-33</u> is/are rejected.							
7)⊠	Claim(s) 3-4, 10 is/are objected to.							
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and on Papers	or election requirement.						
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Examin	ier.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	epted or b)□ objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to t	the drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.								
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in r	reply to this Office action.						
12) 🗌 🤄	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.						
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority document	nts have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
* 5	3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International E See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		ıge				
14) 🗌 <i>A</i>	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	stic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(e) (to a provisional ap	plication).				
) The translation of the foreign language p Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome.	• •						
Attachmen	_							
2) Notic	re of References Cited (PTO-892) re of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informa	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). ₋ Il Patent Application (PTO-15					
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DETAILED ACTION

Receipt is acknowledged of Applicant's request for rehearing regarding to the Board's decision mailed September 20, 2003.

Receipt is acknowledged of the Board's response, filed on March 17, 2003, to the rehearing request. The Board denied to making any changes regarding to the Board's decision filed on September 20, 2003.

In light of the Board's decision filed September 20, 2003, the examiner agrees to reopen prosecution. Therefore, this action is not final.

Claims 2 and 27 are withdrawn from further consideration due to a restriction.

Claims 1, 3-26, and 28-34 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 5-9, 11-26, and 30-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Asada'5,018,276 in view of Lowder et al.'3,894,673.

With reference to Figures 7-9, Asada discloses an abrasive cutting tool comprising: a) a monolithic substrate (5) having a substrate surface with plurality of teeth (7) extending therefrom, each tooth having a contoured surface; b) a layer comprising superabrasive

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grains (8) such as diamond, the layer being electroplated to at least a portion of the surface of each tooth to define a plurality of cutting levels parallel to the substrate surface, and each cutting level on each tooth being oriented such that a portion of each cutting level overlaps at least a portion of each other cutting level of the tooth; and c) an initial uppermost cutting level and successive uppermost cutting levels among the plurality of cutting levels of each tooth, whereby after the initial uppermost cutting level has been worn away by cutting the workpiece, each successive uppermost cutting level of the tooth presents to the workpiece a ring of superabrasive grain around the contoured surface of the tooth, and substantially all superabrasive grain within the ring simultaneously engages in cutting. But Asada does not disclose the abrasive layer being chemically bonded to at least a portion of the surface of each tooth.

With reference to Fig. I, column 2, line 47 bridging to column 6, line 59, Lowder discloses an improved diamond abrasive tool and method of manufacture characterized by a direct brazing technique of diamond crystals to a substrate surface which requires no pre-conditioning of the surface of the diamond in order to obtain the necessary wetting thereof. The method employed utilizes readily available, very hard and durable brazing alloys which have been discovered to readily wet the diamond surface to obtain a final product wherein the minimum depth of the alloy bond tends to occur intermediate adjacent diamond crystals with outstanding retention of the crystals and greatly extended tool life. In column 5, lines 27-35, Lowder further discloses that the application of the described invention to the manufacture of diamond abrasive tools encompasses a

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great variety of sizes, shapes, and types of tools from extremely thin abrasive discs to larger diameter grinding wheels and saw blades.

Thus, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the abrasive tool of Asada with the brazing method of Lowder et al.'673, in order to wet the diamond surface to chemically bond the diamond to the tooth substrate to provide a very strong securement of the diamond to the tooth surface to chemically bond the diamond to the tooth substrate to provide a very strong securement of the diamond to the tooth.

In regard to claims 5-9, 12, 15-26, and 3 1-32, it would have been obvious matter of design choice to select the grain concentration and hardness index for the tooth depending on the material to be cut. Such engineering specification is well within the skill of the artisan.

In regard to claim 33, it would have been obvious matter design choice to apply the cutting element to core drills or abrasive sheets depending on the intended use.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 3. Claims 28-29 and 34 are allowed.
- 4. Claims 3, 4, and 10 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to George Nguyen whose telephone number is 703-308-0163. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday/630AM-300PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Hail can be reached on 703-308-2687. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3579 for regular communications and 703-305-3579 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-

1078.

George Nguyen Primary Examiner George Nguyen Primary Examiner Page 5

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GN May 15, 2003